

# PMT2 ECO

#### **Highlights & Features**

- High line nominal input voltage 200-240 Vac
- Low profile design: 30 mm height
- OVC III, Pollution Degree 3
- Wide operating temperature range of -40°C ~70°C
- High MTBF > 700,000 hrs per Telcordia SR-332

#### **Safety Standards**



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x H): 129 x 97 x 30 mm

PMT- V100W2BNJ 0.285 kg (0.628 lb) (5.08 x 3.82 x 1.18 inch)

#### **General Description**

The PMT2 ECO Series of panel mount power supplies supports a nominal input voltage of 200-240 Vac. The Series complies with IEC 62368-1 safety standards and holds certifications from China's CCC/CQC and India's BIS. It meets EMC Class A, making it suitable for general industrial applications. With highly efficient convection cooling, the Series operates within a wide temperature range of -40°C to 70°C. The single output model is competitively priced for various industrial control and automation equipment.

#### **Model Information**

#### PMT2 ECO Panel Mount Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
PMT-24V100W2BNJ	180-264 Vac	24 Vdc	4.5 A
PMT-48V100W2BNJ		48 Vdc	2.3 A

#### **Model Numbering**

							CC code
РМ	Τ-	ΠV	100W	2	В	Ν	J
Panel Mount	Product Type T – Enclosed		Output Power	Single Phase with Low Profile	Family Code: B With No PFC	N – 230Vac only & EMC Class A	J – Economic series



#### **Specifications**

|--|

#### Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	200-240 Vac	200-240 Vac	
Input Voltage Range	180-264 Vac	180-264 Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60 Hz	50-60 Hz	
Input Frequency Range	47-63 Hz	47-63 Hz	
Input Current	1.2 A typ. @ 230 Vac	1.2 A typ. @ 230 Vac	
Efficiency at 100% Load @ 230Vac	89% typ.	90.5% typ.	
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	55 A typ. @ 230 Vac	55 A typ. @ 230 Vac	
Leakage Current	< 0.5 mA @ 240 Vac	< 0.5 mA @ 240 Vac	

#### Output Ratings / Characteristics\*1

Nominal Output Voltage	24 Vdc	48 Vdc	
Factory Set Point Tolerance	24 Vdc ± 1%	48 Vdc ± 1%	
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	21.6-26.4 Vdc	43.2-52.8 Vdc	
Output Current	4.5 A	2.3 A	
Output Power	108 W Max.	110 W Max.	
Line Regulation	± 0.5% (@ 230 Vac input)	± 0.5% (@ 230 Vac input)	
Load Regulation	± 0.5% (@ 230 Vac input)	± 0.5% (@ 230 Vac input)	
PARD*2 (20MHz)	< 150 mVpp @ 0°C to 70°C,	< 200 mVpp @ 0°C to 70°C,	
	450 mVpp typ. @ -30°C to 0°C	600 mVpp typ. @ -30°C to 0°C	
Rise Time	30 ms typ. @ 230 Vac	30 ms typ. @ 230 Vac	
Start-up Time	500 ms typ. @ 230 Vac	500 ms typ. @ 230 Vac	
Hold-up Time	42 ms typ. @ 230 Vac	42 ms typ. @ 230 Vac	
Dynamic Response	± 10% @ 230 Vac input, 10-100%	± 10% @ 230 Vac input, 10-100% load	
(Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	(Slew Rate: 2.5 A/µS, 50% duty cy	(Slew Rate: 2.5 A/µS, 50% duty cycle @ 5 Hz & 10 KHz)	
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	8,000µF Max	8,000µF Max 2,000µF Max	

\*1 For power de-rating from > 50°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 3. \*2 PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, and in parallel to end terminal with 0.1µF ceramic capacitor & 47µF electrolytic capacitor. PSU need to burn in > 5 minutes when AMB  $\leq 0^{\circ}$ C.



#### Mechanical

Case Chassis	Aluminum	
Case Cover	SGCC	
Dimensions (L x W x H)	129 x 97 x 30 mm (5.08 x 3.82 x 1.18 inch)	
Unit Weight	0.285 kg (0.628 lb)	
Indicator	Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System	Convection	
Terminal	M3.5 x 7 Pins (Rated 300 V / 20 A)	
Wire	AWG 18-12	
	Current rating can refer to page 6 "Wire AWG Table"	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply) Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25 dBA		

#### Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-40°C to +70°C	
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C	
Power De-rating		> 50°C de-rate power by 2% / °C	
Operating Humidity		20 to 90% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters (0 to 16,400 ft)	
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 50G for a duration of 11 ms, 3 shocks for each 3 directions	
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 10G for a duration of 11 ms, 3 shock for each 3 directions.	
Vibration Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5 Hz to 500 Hz (2.09G); 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction	
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 20 Hz to 500 Hz (5G); 10 min per cycle, 60min for each axis (X, Y, Z)	
Over Voltage Category		II (Compliance to EN 62477-1 OVC III with 2000 meters altitude)	
Pollution Degree		3	

#### Protections

Overvoltage		52.8 V - 64.8 V SELV Output, Latch Mode	
Overload / Overcurrent	110-175% of rated load current, Hiccu Recovery)	110-175% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)	
Over Temperature	Latch Mode	Latch Mode	
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is remo	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)	
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE*3 connection	Class I with PE*3 connection	

\*3 PE: Protection Earth



#### **Reliability Data**

MTBF	> 700,000 hrs as per Telcordia SR-332 (I/P: 230 Vac, O/P: 100% Load, Ta: 25°C)
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (230 Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

#### Safety Standards / Directives

Safety Entry Low Voltage		SELV
Electrical Safety CB schem		IEC 62368-1
	CCC	GB 4943.1
	BIS	IS 13252(Part 1)
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	4.0 KVac
	Input to Ground	2.0 KVac
	Output to Ground	1.25 KVac

#### EMC

Emissions (CE & RE)		CISPR 32, EN 55032, Class A	
Immunity		EN 55035	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 15 kV Contact Discharge: 8 kV	
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80 MHz - 1 GHz, 10 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation	
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2 kV	
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>4)</sup> : 4 kV Differential Mode <sup>5)</sup> : 2 kV	
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150 kHz-80 MHz, 10 Vrms	
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 30 A/Meter	
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	0% residual; 1 cycle, Criteria B 40% residual; 10 cycle, Criteria C <sup>3)</sup> 70% residual; 25 cycle, Criteria C <sup>3)</sup>	
Harmonic Current Emission	IEC/EN 61000-3-2	Class A	

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits

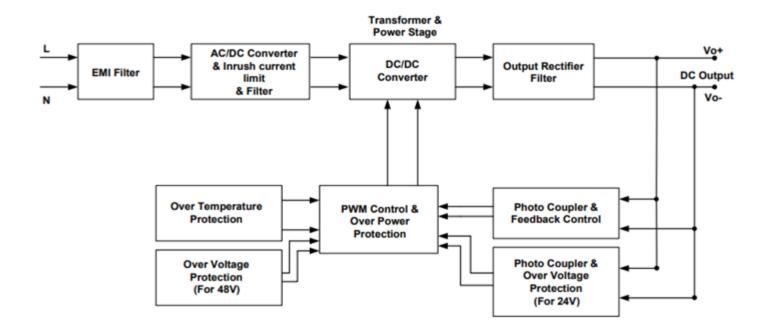
2) Criteria B: Output out of regulation, or shuts down during test. Automatically restored to normal operation after test.
3) Criteria C: Output out of regulation, shuts down during test (Need to recycle AC power cord to normal operation after test)

4) Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)5) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

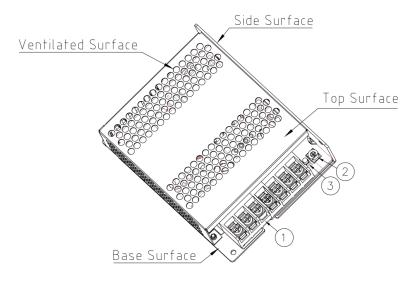
4



#### **Block Diagram**



#### **Device Descriptions**



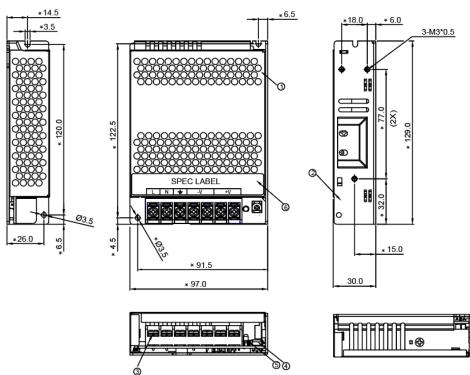
- 1) Input & Output terminal block connector
- 2) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 3) DC OK control LED (Green)

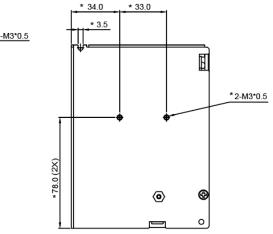
5



#### **Dimensions**

L x W x H: 129 x 97 x 30 mm (5.08 x 3.82 x 1.18 inch)





TABL	Ξ.	
ITEM	PART NAME	REMARKS
1	COVER	NATURE
2	CHASSIS	NATURE
3	TERMINAL BLOCK 7 PIN	BLACK
4	VR	
6	LED	GREEN
6	SPEC LABEL	

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED TOLERANCE OF DIMENSION ARE ±0.5.

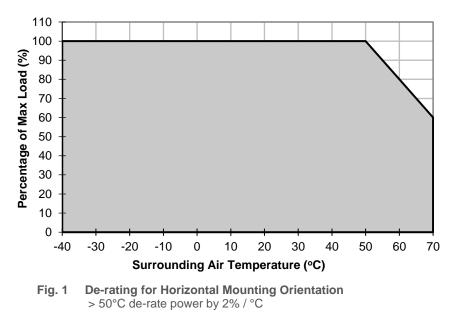
#### Wire AWG Table

Current rating for PVC Wire AWG			
6 AWG	52.5 A	20 AWG	6.5 A
8 AWG	37.5 A	22 AWG	5.0 A
10 AWG	29.0 A	24 AWG	3.5 A
12 AWG	22.5 A	26 AWG	2.5 A
14 AWG	16.5 A	28 AWG	2.0 A
16 AWG	12.0 A	30 AWG	1.5 A
18 AWG	9.0 A		



#### **Engineering Data**

#### Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature



#### Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage

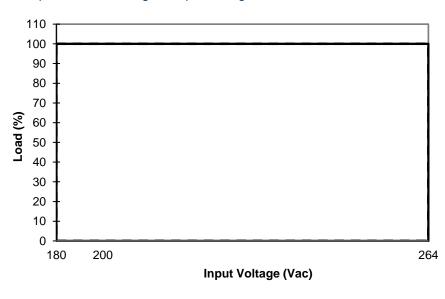


Fig. 2 De-rating for AC Input Voltage

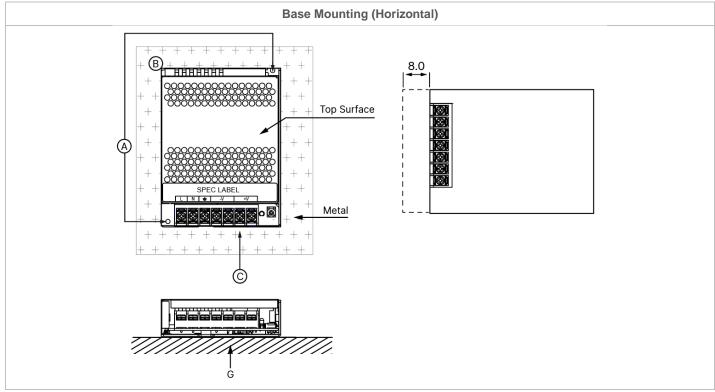
#### Note

- 1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1 & Fig. 2.
- 2. The PSU will be bouncing when ambient temperature at -30 °C~ -40 °C
- 3. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >50°C, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, power supply will latch off, until the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.
- 4. In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- 5. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
  - No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 180 Vac to 264 Vac



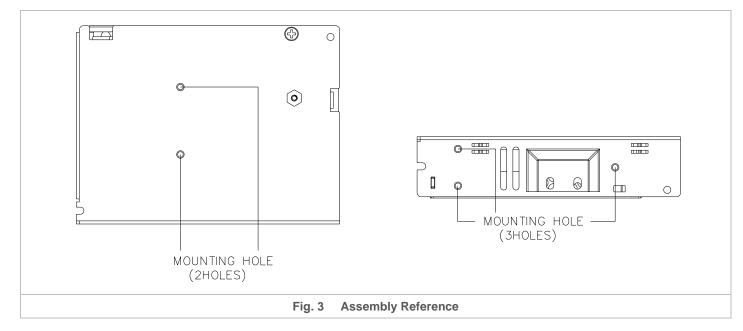
#### **Assembly & Installation**

- A Mounting holes for power supply assembly onto the mounting surface.
- The power supply shall be mounted on minimum 2 mounting holes using M3 screw minimum 5mm (0.20 inch) length.
- B This surface belongs to customer's end system or panel where the power supply is mounted.
- C Connector

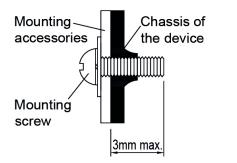


\* If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please leave a message via the Contact Us form.

 Use flexible cable (stranded or solid) of AWG No. 18-12. User should calculate and select the suitable wire specification (type/quantity/diameter) according to actual output current. The torque at the Connector shall not exceed 8 Kgf.cm. (6.94 lbf.in). The insulation stripping length should not exceed 0.275" or 7mm (Refer to Fig. 3).







 Only use M3 screw ≤ 3 mm (0.20 inch) through the base mounting holes. This is to keep a safe distance between the screw and internal components.
Recommended mounting tightening torque: 4~5 Kgf.cm. (3.47~4.33 lbf.in).

Fig. 4 Mounting Screw

#### Safety Instructions

- If user's mounting orientation is not according to the recommended mounting orientations, please consult Delta for further information.
- To ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a safety distance of ≥ 50 mm (1.97 inch) from all ventilated surfaces while the device is in operation.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surface. For example, plastics.
- The enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply. Do not touch the device while it is in operation or immediately after power is turned OFF. Risk of burning!
- Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Risk of electric shock.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause: Electric shock; Safety Hazard; Fire; Product failure
- The power supply must be mounted by metal screws onto a grounded metal surface. It is highly recommended that the Earth terminal on the connector be connected to the grounded surface.



#### **Functions**

#### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

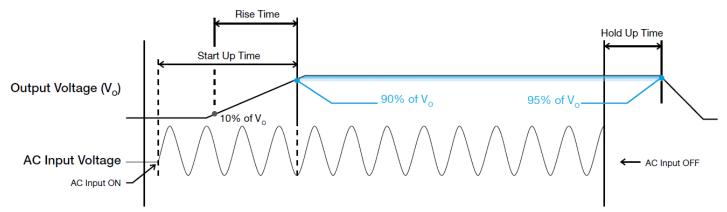
#### **Rise Time**

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

#### Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

#### Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time

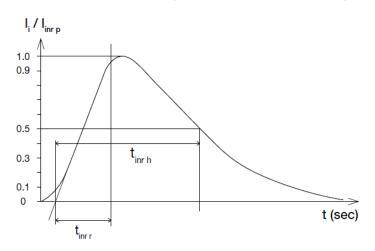


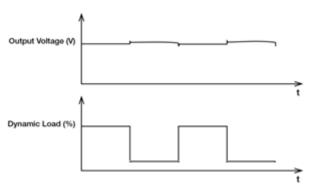
#### Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 10\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 10% to 100%

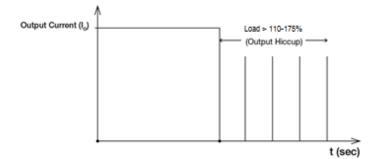






#### **Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)**

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 110% of  $I_0$  (Max load). In such occurrence, the  $V_0$  will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and  $I_0$  is back within the specifications.



It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Io when it is <110% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

#### Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

#### **Others**

#### Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to www.DeltaPSU.com for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

#### Manufacturer and Authorized Representatives Information

#### Manufacturer

<u>Thailand</u> Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. 909 Pattana 1 Rd., Muang, Samutprakarn, 10280 Thailand

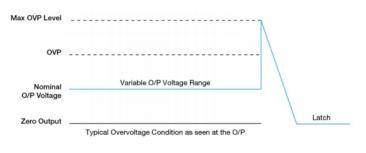
#### Authorized Representatives

<u>The Netherlands</u> Delta Greentech (Netherlands) B.V. Zandsteen 15, 2132 MZ Hoofddorp, The Netherlands

#### Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on under "Protections". Power supply will latch, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch, and require removal /reapply of input AC voltage in order to restart.



#### Over Temperature Protection (Latch Mode)

As described in Engineering data section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into latch mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.

Taiwan Delta Electronics, Inc. 3 Tungyuan Road, Chungli Industrial Zone, Taoyuan County 32063, Taiwan

United Kingdom Delta Electronics Europe Limited 1 Redwood Court, Peel Park Campus, East Kilbride, Glasgow, G74 5PF, United Kingdom

